THE STANDARDS ACT, 1975

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

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TANZANIA **SCHEDULE**

I Δ

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THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA



No. 3 OF 1975

I ASSENT,

IAMEN ing ! 3rd APRIL, 1975

An Act to provide for the Promotion of the Standardization of Specification of Commodities, to establish a National Standards Institute and to provide for the Functions, Management and Control of the Institute

ENACTED by the Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania.

PART I

PRELIMINARY

1. This Act may be cited as the Standards Act, 1975 and shall come short title into operation on such date as the Minister may by notice in the Gazette appoint.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires-

- "code of practice" means a set of rules relating to the method to be applied or the procedure to be adopted in connection with the construction, installation, testing, operation or use of any article, apparatus, instrument. device or process;
- "compulsory standard" means a standard which has been declared to be a compulsory standard under section 17;
- "Council" means the Executive Council of the National Standards Institute established by section 5;
- "Director" means the Director of the Institute appointed under section 7;
- "inspector" means an inspector appointed under section 20;
- "Institute" means the National Standards Institute established by section 3;
- "mark" includes any device, brand, heading, label, ticket, name, signature, word, letter or numeral, or any combination thereof;
- 'Minister" means the Minister for the time being responsible for matters relating to commerce and industry;
- "sell" includes barter and exchange, and exposure or offer for sale. and export for or in pursuance of sale, and have in possession for any purpose of sale, export trade or manufacture;

Interpretation

NAKALA MTANDAO (ONLINE DOCUMENT)

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	to its nature, sions, weight or to any sul	neans a description of any commodit quality, strength, purity, composition, q c, grade, durability, origin, age or other ostance or material of or with which, ny commodity may be manufactur treated;	uantity, dimen- characteristics. or the manner
	red by the In "standard" mean	means a mark which has been approven the stitute as mark denoting conformity s a set of rules or conditions, approven nded by the Institute, which relate to	y to a standard red, prescribed
	specification method, test	, code of practice, safety, trade descripting method or any other aspect, qualating to or connected with-	ption, sampling
	(a) the produ	action or marketing of any commodity	; or
	or other	onent, raw material, machinery, instrum thing whatsoever used, directly or in on or marketing of any commodity,	
	prescribed b physical con used for th	s, in relation to metrology, provision by the Institute, relating to the funda- nstant and the testing of instruments e determination of weights and n tion" means the provision or promotio	amental unit or s and apparatus neasures; and
	C	PART II	
	•	THE NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE	
Establish- ment of the institute		hereby established an Institute which s tandards Institute.	shall be known
	and a common s	e shall be a body corporate with perpet eal, and shall, in its corporate name,	ual succession be capable of-
	(a) suing and be (b) taking, pure disposing o	eing sued; chasing or otherwise acquiring. holding of property, movable or immovable; a	, charging and
	(c) entering in things or a	to contracts and doing or performing cts for the proper performance of its hich may lawfully be done or perfor	all such other functions under
Functions of the institute	may give under (a) to undertak	o any direction of general nature whic section 26, the functions of the Instit te measures for quality control of com ns and to promote standardization i	ute shall be- modities of all
	(b) to make ar calibratio apparatus, compariso	rangements or provide facilities for the not precision instruments, gauges for the determination of their degree on with standards approved by the I dation of the Council, and for the issues.	s and scientific of accuracy by Minister on the

in regard thereto:

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and testing or with whi	ngements or provide facilities for the e of commodities and any material or sul ich, and the manner m which, they m oduced, processed or treated;	bstance from	
(d) to control, in use of standa	n accordance with the provisions of that ards marks;	his Act, the	
	ew, suspend, vary or cancel any licence y standards mark;	e issued for	
(f) to assist indu procedures;	stries in setting up and enforcing qual	lity control	
(g) to prepare, fr	ame, modify or amend standards;		
• • •	or undertake educational work in conn	ection with	
(i) to assist the C and framing	Government or any other person in the j of standards;	preparation	
presentative	or co-operation with the Government s of any industry or with any statutory on, with a view to securing the adoption of standards;	corporation	
commoditie modities co	r the testing of locally manufactured an s with a view to determining whethe mply with the provisions of this Act of with standards relevant to such commo	er such com- or any other	
weights and or cancel suc or cancellation	custodian of the national primary st measures and from time to time adj ch standards where such adjustment, r on is necessary for the maintenance of ational standards;	ust, replace replacement	
on standardi	blish and disseminate literature and other ization and other related subjects and the members of the public to have ac	d to provide	
,	promote or assist m research or stand ubjects;	lardization	
(o) to participate seminars and of the Institut	e in, or to make arrangements for, co discussions on matters connected with te;	nferences. the activities	
as are, in the	acts and things, and enter into all such tree opinion of the Council, expedient o er and efficient discharge of the func	or necessary	
(2) In the perfor	mance of its functions the Institute sh	all-	
(a) have regard to of the United	to the health and general welfare, of t Republic;	the people	

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	tion and c munity or those speci	as far as may be practicable. a system o-operation with any body established by any written law and having function fied in subsection (1) or having functions of commercial standards generally.	by the Com- ons similar to
Council	5. -(1) There s Standards Institu	shall be an Executive Council of te.	the National
	to the Compositi of the appointm	ions of the Schedule to this Act shall had ion Of the Council. the appointment and ent of its members. the proceedings of matters in relation to the Council and or therein.	d termination f the Council
		lent may. by order in the Gazette, ame y of the provisions of the provisions of	
Power and duties of council		o the provisions of this Act, the managestitute shall be vested m the Council.	gement and
council	section (1) the C	ar and without prejudice to the genera ouncil shall have power- er the properties of the Institute, both m	
	(c) to signify th(d) on behalf oor other mode		al seal; tions grants
		he pr <mark>ovisions of this Act, to app</mark> oint su tute as th <mark>e</mark> Council may consider necess	
	(f) to do all ac or as may expedient Institute.	ts and things as may be provided for , in the opinion of the Council, be n for the proper discharge of the funct	in this Act ecessary or tions Of the
Director	7. -(1) The Pre Director of the Ins	sident shall appoint a suitable person stitute.	n to be the
	(2) The Direct Institute.	or shall be the chief administrative of	ficer of the
	Deputy Director functions as the	il may, with the consent of the Minister or an Assistant Director who shall pe Director may assign to him and who rector from the United Republic, act in	erform such shall. in the
	be the executive s to be present and	tor or in his absence the Deputy Dire ecretary of the Council and shall as such to speak at any meeting of the Counce vote thereat unless he is also appointed a	h be entitled il, but shall
Committees	and may, subject	ncil may appoint committees and sub-c t to such conditions as it may specify, ts functions under this Act.	

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(2) The provisions of the Schedule to this Act (other than die provisions which relate to the composition of the Council) shall apply. *mutatis mutandis* in relation to the committees and subcommittees appointed under this section:

Provided that the Council may, by directions in writing, in relation to any such committee or sub-committee, disapply all or any of the provisions of the Schedule to this Act or modify the same in such manner as may be specified in such direction.

PART III

FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

9. The funds and resources of the Institute shall consist of-

- (a) such moneys as may be provided for the purposes of the Institute by Parliament;
- (b) such funds or assets which may vest in or accrue to the Institute from other sources by way of fees, gifts. grants or otherwise;
- (c) such sums as the Council may. subject to the provisions of section 10, borrow for the purpose of the Institute.

10.-(1) With the prior approval of the Minister. the Council may, from tune to tune borrow moneys on behalf of and for the purposes of the Institute by way of loan or overdraft, and upon such security and such terms and conditions relating to the repayment of the principal and the payment of the interest as, subject to any directions by the Minister. the Council may deem fit.

(2) A person lending money to the Institute shall not be bound to enquire whether the borrowing of that money by the Council has been approved by the Minister.

11.-(1) In this Act "financial year" means any period not exceeding twelve consecutive months designated in that behalf by the Council.

Provided that the first financial year after the commencement of this Act shall commence on the date of the commencement of this Act and may be of a longer or shorter period than twelve months.

(2) Not less than two months before the beginning of any financial year (other than the first financial year) the Council shall at its meeting especially convened for that purpose, paw a detailed budget (in this Act called "the annual budget") of the amounts respectively-

- (a) expected to be received; and
- (b) expected to be disbursed by the Institute during that financial year;

(3) If in any financial year the Council requires to make any disbursement not provided for or of an amount in excess of the amount provided for, in the annual budget for that year. the Council shall. at a meeting pass a supplementary budget detailing such disbusement.

Funds of the Institute

Power to borrow

Annual and supplementary budget

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		annual budget and every supplementary budget s m and include such details as the Minister may di	
		with upon passing any annual budget or any suppler e Council shall submit the same to the Minister	
	suppleme	Minister shall, upon receipt of the annual budget ntary budget, approve or disapprove the same bject to such amendment as he may deem fit.	
	supplemen suppleme Council sh disbursem budget or s	re the Minister has approved any annual budget tary budget, the budget or, as the case may be, the ntary budget, shall be binding on the Council all, subject to the provisions of subsection (8), com ents within the items and the amounts contained supplementary budget as approved by the Minister Council may-	e supple- and the fine the ed in the
	notw	he sanction in writing of the Minister make a disbur ithstanding that such disbursement is not provide budget;	rsement ed for in
	(b) from in re	the amount of expenditure provided for in any espect of any item, transfer, a sum not exceed sand shillings, to any other item contained in such	ding ten
	reaso subje with	t expenditure limits to take account of circumstan onably foreseeable at the time the budget was p ect to submitting a supplementary budget to the in two months of such alteration of expenditur ming necessary.	repared, Minister
Investment	time to tim Institute in	the prior approval of the Minister, the Council me, invest any part of the moneys available in any fu investments authorized by the Trustees Investments asternation of any trust fund.	nd of the
Accounts anti audit		The Council shall cause to be provided and kept	proper
uuun		ccount and records with respect to-	
		ecceipt and expenditure of moneys by, and other finactions of, the Institute;	nancial
		ssets and liabilities of the Institute,	
	sheet and a	cause to be made out for every financial year a statement showing details of the income and expen and all its assets and liabilities.	

(2) Within six months of the close of a financial year the Council shall cause the accounts including the balance sheet of the Institute in respect of that financial year to be audited by the Tanzania Audit Corporation established by the Tanzania Audit Corporation Act, 1968.

(3) As soon as the accounts of the Institute have been audited. and in any case not later than six months after the close of such financial year, the Council shall submit to the Minister a copy of the audited statement of accounts together with a copy of the report thereon made by the auditors.

Act, 1968 NO. I

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ing of the Council	udited balance sheet shall be placed before and, if adopted by the Council shall be that it has been so adopted.		
14. The Director	r shall, at the end of each financial year, vities of the Institute during the financia		Director's report
15 The Minister s	shall as soon as may be practicable after	r the close	Annual

of a financial year lay before the National Assembly the following documents in relation to such financial year-

Standards

(a) a copy of the audited statement of accounts of the Institute;

(b) a copy of the auditor's report, if any;

(q) a copy of the Director's report.

PART IV

ESTABLISHMENT OF STANDARDS

16.-(1) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Institute and subject to the provisions of subsection (2) and (3), by notice in the Gazette, declare any mark which has been approved by the Institute m respect of any standard framed by the Institute for any commodity, or the manufacture, production, processing or treatment of any commodity, to be a standards mark in respect thereof, and may in like manner cancel or amend any such mark.

(2) Every such notice shall contain such information in regard to the relevant standard or amendment thereof as the Minister considers necessary.

(3) No mark which is identical with any trade mark registered in respect of any commodity in accordance with the Trade Marks Ordinance or so nearly resembles such mark as to be likely to be mistaken for it shall be declared to be a standards mark in respect of that or any similar commodity or in respect of the manufacture, production, processing or treatment of that or any similar commodity, and no mark identical with a mark which has been duly declared to be a standards mark, or so nearly resembling such a mark as to be likely to be mistaken for it, shall be registered as a trade mark under that Ordinance in respect of any commodity.

(4) After the coining into operation of a notice under subsection (1) of this section no person shall apply any standards mark mentioned in such notice to any commodity except under a licence issued by the Institute or a person acting under its authority and unless that commodity complies with the relevant standard or has been manufactured, produced, processed or treated in accordance therewith.

(5) Any person who-

- (a) applies a standards mark to any receptacle or covering of any commodity or to any label attached to any commodity or any receptacle or covering thereof; or
- (b) places or encloses any commodity in a receptacle or covering to which a standards mark has been applied, or in a receptacle or cover to which is attached a label to which any such mark has been applied.

statement of accounts and report to be laid before National Assembly

Standardizations marks

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shall. for the purposes of subsection (4) of this section. be deemed to have applied that standards mark to that Commodity-

(6) The issue of licence under subsection (4) shall be in the discretion of the Institute or the person acting under its authority, and y such licence may be issued subject to conditions to be specified therein and subject to the payment of such fees as may be prescribed.

(7) The Institute may at its discretion revoke or suspend any licence issued under the section or vary any condition attached to any licence.

(8) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, or who contravenes any of the conditions which may be specified in a licence issued to him shall be guilty of an offence.

Compulsory standard

17.-(1) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Institute and subject to the provisions of this section, by notice in the *Gazette*-

- (a) declare a standard for any commodity or for the manufacture. production, processing or treatment of any commodity to be a compulsory standard in relation thereto with effect from a date specified in such notice being a date not less than two months after the date of the publication thereof;
- (b) amend any compulsory standard in the manner prescribed in paragraph (a);
- (c) prescribe a standards mark for any commodity which complies with a compulsory standard or which has been manufactured, produced, processed or treated in accordance therewith and may cancel or amend any such mark.

(2) The Institute shall, at least two months before making any recommendation for the purpose of paragraph (a) of subsection (1). publish in *the Gazette* a preliminary notice setting forth the precise purport of the recommendation proposed and shall call upon all interested persons to lodge any objections in writing with the Institute in *such* manner and within such time as may be prescribed.

(3) Every person who has lodged an objection in accordance with subsection (2) shall be entitled to appear before the Council and be heard, either personally or through a representative, at *such* time and place as the Council shall determine, and publication of the relevant notice under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) shall not take place if any *such* objection is upheld or until after every such objector has had an opportunity to be heard and the reasons for the rejection of *any such* objection have been furnished in writing to that objector or his representative.

(4) Every notice published by virtue of this section shall contain full particulars of the relevant standard or the amendment thereof.

(5) Whenever the Minister has, under subsection (1) of this section, declared a standard to be a compulsory standard no person shall sell the commodity to which the standard relates after the date specified unless it complies with that standard or has been manufactured, produced, processed or treated in accordance herewith.

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(6) After a standards mark has been prescribed in accordance with paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section no person shall apply that mark to any commodity except under and by virtue of a licence issued to him under this Act and unless that commodity or its manufacture, production, processing or treatment complies with the compulsory standard relative thereto.

(7) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (5) or 6) of this section shall be guilty of an offence.

(8) The provisions of subsections (3) and (5) of section 16 *shall apply* with reference to a standards mark prescribed under subsection (1) of this section, and the provisions of subsection (6). (7) and (8) of the said section 16 shall apply respectively to the issue of a licence and a licence issued under this section.

(9) Where a person is charged with contravening subsection (5) of this section it shall be a good defence for him to prove to the satisfaction of the court that he had no knowledge nor any reasonable means of ascertaining whether before or at the time of sale, that the commodity specified in the charge did not comply with the standard relating thereto.

18. Any person who is aggrieved by-

(a) the refusal of the Institute to issue any licence;

(b) any condition attached to a licence; or

(c) the variation, cancellation or suspension of any licence, may. within fourteen days of the notification of the act complained of being received by him, appeal in writing to the Minister who shall as soon as may reasonably be practicable, either confirm, set aside or vary the decision complained of, and the Minister's decision on any such appeal shall be final and shall not be subject to review by any court.

PART V

ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS

19.-(1) Every person to whom a licence has been issued under this Act shall, if so requested by the Council in writing, furnish within such period as may be specified such samples of any commodity to which the licence relates and all such information in regard to such commodity or its manufacture, production, processing or treatment as may be specified in the request.

(2) Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence.

20.-(1) The Minister may, at the request of the Council by notice in the Gazette appoint any public officer or officer of the Institute as an inspector for the purposes of this Act.

(2) Every person appointed as inspector under subsection (1) shall be furnished with a certificate of appointment signed by the Director stating that such person is authorized by the Minister to act as an inspector for the purposes of this Act.

21.-(1) An inspector may, for the purposes of this Act, at all reasonable times-

Appeals

Samples and information

Appointment of inspectors

Power of inspectors

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	1	enter upon any premises at which there is, or is sus be a commodity in relation to which any compulsor or standards mark exists;	pected to y standard
	i i t	nspect and take samples of any commodity or any or substance used, or likely to be, or capable of b n the manufacture, production, processing or treatme and cause any container within which there is or is o be any quantity of any such commodity, material or o be opened;	eing used nt thereof, suspected
	[nspect any process or other operation which is or likely to be carried out in the said premises in co with the manufacture, production, processing or tre any commodity in relation to which a compulsory s standards mark exists;	eatment of
	r c F	equire from any person the production of any book ecord, list or other document which is m the post custody or under the control of such person or of person on his behalf and which the inspector believelevant to any inspection or inquiry being carried or	session or any other eves to be
	(e) ex	amine and copy any or any part of any such book, notic list or other document which appears to him to have	e, record, e relevance
	e	o his inspection or inquiry, and require any person explanation of any entry therein, and take possessi such book, notice, record, list or other document as h nay afford evidence of an offence under this Act;	ion of any
	N a	require information relevant to his inquiry from an whom he reasonably believes to be or to have been er any such premises or to have in his possession or c under his control any article referred to in this subsection	nployed at custody or
	this se him in	An inspector entering any premises under subsection ction shall, if so required, produce the certificate accordance with section 20 and may be accom- ary, by an independent witness.	issued to
Obstruction	acting p with an	Any person who resists,, hinders or obstructs an oursuant to subsection (1) of section 21 or wilfully fails to by requirement made of him under the said subsection of an offence.	to comply
General	liable t	1) Any person convicted of an offence under this Act o imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, o reeding fifteen thousand shillings, or to both such imple.	r to, a fine
	offence not exe	On a second or subsequent conviction of any person e under this Act he shall be liable to imprisonment to ceeding five years or to a fine not exceeding fifty s, or to both such imprisonment and such fine.	for a term

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(3) On the conviction of any person for an offence under this Act the court may, in addition to any other penalty which may be imposed, order the confiscation of all or any part of any goods in respect of which the offence was committed, and all goods so confiscated shall be disposed of in such manner as the court may direct.

24. Where any offence under this Act or any regulations made hereunder is committed by a body corporate then, as well as the body corporate, any person who, at the time of the commission of the offence, was concerned as a director or an officer, with the management of the affairs of such body corporate shall be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly, unless he proves to the satisfaction of the court that he had no knowledge and could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have had knowledge of the commission of the offence.

25. Where any offence under this Act or under any regulations made hereunder is committed by a person as an agent or employee then, as well as the agent or employee, the principal or employer shall be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly unless he proves to the satisfaction of the court that he had no knowledge, and could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have had knowledge, of the commission of the offence.

PART VI MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

26. The Minister may give the Council directions of a general or specific nature and the Council shall give effect to every such direction.

27. The fact that any commodity complies or is alleged to Comply with a compulsory standard or has been or is alleged to, have been manufactured, produced, processed or treated in accordance with any such standard, or that a standards mark is used in connection with any commodity, shall not give rise to any claim against the Government, the Institute or the Council or any member or employee thereof.

28.-(1) No matter or thing done by any member of the Council or any officer of the Institute shall, if done *bona fide, m* the execution or purported execution of the functions conferred upon such member or officer by this Act or by regulations made hereunder, render such member or officer personally liable for such matter or thing.

(2) For the avoidance of doubts it is hereby declared that the provisions of this section shall be without prejudice to the provisions of section 284A of the Penal Code or the provisions of the Specified Officers (Recovery of Debts) Act, 1970 or the Parastatal Employees (Recovery of Debts) Act, 1974.

Where offence is committed by body corporate

> Minister may give directions to Council

D

Protection of Government, Institute, Council and employees against claims in relation to standards marks Protection of members of Council and officers of Institute

Cap. 16 Acts, 1970 No. 7 Acts, 1974 No. 37

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Secrecy of information
 29. Any person who is or has been engaged In the administration of this Act and who discloses, except for the purpose of the exercise of his functions or when required to do so by a court or under any written law, any information acquired by him in the exercise or purported exercise of his functions under this Act to any other person shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to penalties prescribed by section 23.

Victimization **30.**-(1) No employer shall terminate the employment of any person employed by him or reduce the rate or remuneration of such person or otherwise alter the conditions of his employment to conditions less favourable to him or alter his positions to his disadvantage relative to other persons employed by such employer by reason only of the fact that he believes or suspects (whether or not such belief or suspicion is justified or correct) that person has given any information which he could be required under this Act to, give to an inspector or has complied with any lawful requirement of an inspector or has even evidence in any proceedings under this Act.

> (2) An employer who contravenes any of the provisions of subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to the penalties prescribed by section 23, and the court convicting an employer of any such contravention may in addition to, any sentence which it imposes, order such employer-

- (a) to restore the rate of remuneration, or conditions of employment, or the position of an employee to that which existed immediately before, and with effect from, the date of the reduction or alteration which gives rise to the conviction;
- (b) to pay to any employee whose dismissal is the subject of such conviction a sum estimated by the court to be equal to his total remuneration for any period not exceeding twelve months calculated according to the rate at which he was being remunerated at the time of his dismissal.

(3) In any proceedings for an offence under subsection (2), if the court is satisfied that the employee's employment was terminated or that his remuneration was reduced or that his terms of employment were adversely varied within twelve months of such employee having given any information to an inspector or complied with a requirement made by an inspector or given evidence in any proceedings under this Act the court may, unless it is satisfied to the contrary, presume that such termination of employment, reduction of remuneration or variation of terms of employment was made by the employer because of the employee having given the information, complied with the requirement or given the evidence, as the case may be.

(4) An order made under paragraph (b), of subsection (2) may be enforced as if it were a judgment of a civil court in favour of the employee concerned.

Regulations

31.-(1) The Minister, after consultation with the Council, may make regulations generally for the better carrying out of the provisions and purposes of this Act.

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	udice to the generality of subsection (1) of	f this	
section, such regula			
payable under	ons for matters, m respect of which fees s r this Act or the regulations;		
shall be liable	e amount of any such fees and the person for payment thereof;		
A provide for ma (e) make provisi	ms to be used under this Act and the regula tters connected with appeals under this Act; ons for requiring persons to supply inform e provisions of this Act and the regulations;		
(f) prescribe any and m partic	thing which under this Act is to be presc cular the procedure to be followed by th	ribed, e Insti-	
(3) There may b ation made under housand shillings	erformance of any of its functions under t e annexed to the breach of any subsidiary this Act a penalty not exceeding a fine of s or a term of imprisonment not exceeding fine and such imprisonment.	/ legis- f fifteen	
	r may, by directions under his hand, press	ribe the	Ease and
	payable to the members of the Council.		Fees and allowances
	SCHEDULE		
1. In this Schedule us appointing authority" n and in relation to a member" includes the C	nless the context otherwise requires- neans, in relation to the Chairman of the Council, the ny other member, the Minister; Chairman.	President	Constructio
	all consist of- hall be appointed by the President; and een and not more than seventeen other members appo	ointed by	Composit of Counc
the Minister.			
No act or proceeding	nents under sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph I the M rty, the Government, the parastatal sector, the Univ consumers are adequately represented on the Counci g of the Council shall be invalid by reason only of th complete at the time of such act or proceeding of ent of any member or of the fact that any member utitled to act as such.	of the number Proceedin	
period as the appointing	e Board shall, unless his appointment is sooner deterity, or he otherwise ceases to be a member hold offic g authority may specify in his appointment, or if no po	eriod is so	Tenure of appointme
ligible for re-appointme	of three years from the date of his appointment, an ent:	d shall be	
some other office, he sl (2) Any member of th he appointing authorit specified, from the dat shall cease to be a mem		hat office. writing to date is so thority, he	
vithout reasonable exe	use the Council shall advise the appointing authority may terminate the appointment of the me	ority of the	Absence fro three connective
Republic, unable to atte	er is by reason of illness, infirmity or absence from t end any. meeting of the Council the appointing auth nember in his place and such temporary member s	nority may	meeting Appointme of tempora member
hold office t	resumption of the substantive member. elect one of its member to be the Vice-Chairma	n and any	Vice-

NAKALA MTANDAO (ONLINE DOCUMENT)

16	No. 3	Standards	1975
Power of Chairman and Vice- Chairman	 8(1) The Chairman shall preside at all meetings of the Council. (2) Where at any meeting of the Council the Chairman. is absent, the Vice-Chairman shall preside. (3) In the absence of both the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman at any meeting of the Council, the members present may, from amongst their number, elect <i>a</i> temporary Chairman who shall preside at that meeting. (4) The Chairman, Vice-Chairman or a temporary Chairman presiding at any meeting shall have a casting vote m addition to his deliberative vote. 		
Meetings and procedure of Council	9. -(1) The Counc additional times as Republic or unable for (2) The Chairman may, and shall upon meeting of the Cour	il shall meet not less than twice during every may be fixed by the Chairman or, if he is abs or any reason to act, the Vice-Chairman. a or, in his absence from the United Republic, application in writing by at least five member neil at any time. of the Council shall give to each member ade	the Vice-Chairman rs, convene a special
Quorum		ng of the Council not less than one-half of the all constitute a quorum.	e members in office
Decisions of Council',		e provisions relating to a casting vote, all que be determined by a majority of the votes of th	
Decision by circulation of papers Seal of Council	 12. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Schedule, decisions may be m by the Council without a meeting, by circulation of the relevant papers among members and the expression of the views of the majority thereof in writing: Provided that any member shall be entitled to require that any such decision be defer and the subject matter be considered at a meeting of the Council. 13(1) The seal of the Council shall be of such shape, size and form as the Councin may determine. (2) The seal shall be authenticated by the signature of the Chairman, or the Secretary or any officer of the Institute authorized to act in that behalf by the Council. 		tt papers among the n writing: n decision be deferred orm as the Council n, or the Secretary,
Signification of other documents Record of proceedings of Council	14. All documents by the Council and the Chairman, or Institute authorized 15(1) The Cou Council to be entere (2) Any such mi of, the next succee and, until the con	s (other than those required by law to be under all decisions of the Council, shall be signifi the Secretary, or any member of the Coun- in that behalf by the Council. ncil shall cause minutes of all proceedings of d in a book kept for that purpose. inutes if purporting to be approved by, and sign dding meeting of the Council shall be evidence trary is proved, the meeting to which the mi een duly convened and all proceedings there	seal) to be executed led under the hand on ncil or officer of the of meetings of the hed by the Chairman e of such proceeding inutes relate shall be
Council may egulate its roceeding		e provisions of this Schedule the Council ma	ay regulate its own

Passed m the National Assembly on the twentieth day of March, 1975.

Clerk of the National Assembly

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